HOME ASSIGNMENT 6

Problem 1. Consider the DC-servo in Fig. 1. A mathematical model for the relation between the voltage, u, and the angle of the shaft, θ , is

$$\ddot{\theta}(t) + \dot{\theta}(t) = u(t),$$

with $\theta(0) = 0$ and $\dot{\theta}(0) = 1$. We want to design a voltage signal such that the cost functional

$$J(u) = \int_0^\infty \left(\theta^2(t) + 6\dot{\theta}^2(t) + \frac{1}{2}\theta(t)\dot{\theta}(t) + u^2(t)\right)dt$$

is minimized. Solve the problem by finding the optimal voltage input $u^*(t)$ and determine the closed loop poles of the system.

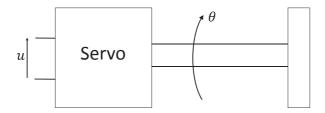


FIGURE 1. The DC-servo in Problem 1.

Problem 2. Consider the optimal control problem

$$\min_{u} \int_{0}^{\infty} (x^{\mathsf{T}}(t)Qx(t) + u^{2}(t))dt \quad \text{subj. to} \quad \dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t), \quad x(0) = x_{0}.$$

where

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & q^2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

and q is an arbitrary positive number. The observability and controllability criteria can be assumed to hold.

- a) Determine the optimal feedback control and the optimal cost.
- b) Determine the closed loop dynamics matrix. Consider the closed loop system, what does the elements of x(t) converge to and how is this convergence affected when q tends to zero.