Course Summary Real-Time Systems

2014

Exams

- Tuesday 13 Jan, 8-13, Gasquesalen, Kårhuset
- Thursday 7 May, 8-13, MA:MA09
- Wednesday 3 Jun, 14-19, Victoria 1A-C
- Monday 17 Aug, 14-19, Sparta:C-D

Real-Time Systems

The most important parts!

or with some luck

What you need to know to pass the exam

Remaining Lectures

- Tuesday 16 Dec 15:15-17:00
 - Demo lecture
 - We meet in M:B first, then to the Lab
- Tuesday 16 Dec 17:15-19:00
 - Oral presentations
 - 10 minutes / group
 - Projectors will be available
 - 5 parallel sessions with 5-6 groups per session
 - More information later on the home page

Handout Material

- Slide copies
- Formula sheet
 - Can be used at the exam
- · Course requirements

Lecture 1: Real-Time Systems

- Basic definitions (hard, soft, ...)
- Timing parameters in continuous controllers (sampling latency, sampling interval, input-output latency)
- Different event types (periodic, aperiodic, sporadic)

Lecture 2: Concurrent Programming

- · Process vs threads
- Process' internal states and state transitions
- The ReadyQueue
- Context switches
 - Save, restore
 - The role of the stackpointer
- · Process representation
- The Schedule procedure in Stork
- · Java threads:
 - Extend Thread versus implement Runnable
 - Thread priorities

• Monitors:

- Basic definitions
- Condition variables
- Monitors in Stork
 - Implementation
- · Synchronization in Java
 - Synchronized methods
 - Synchronized blocks
 - Instance locks vs class locks
 - Condition synchronization in Java
 - Class ConditionVariable
- Producer-Consumer example
 - Using semaphores
 - Using synchronization
- · Passing objects between threads

Lecture 3: Communication Pt 1

- · Non-reentrant code
- Race conditions
- · Mutual exclusion
- · Semaphores:
 - Use for mutual exclusion and synchronization
 - Logical semantics
 - Different types of semaphores (counting, binary)
 - Basic version vs alternative version
 - Stork implementation
 - Condition synchronization using semaphores
 - Java Class Semaphore

Lecture 4: Communication Pt 2

- Deadlock
 - Necessary conditions
 - Deadlock handling (prevention, avoidance, detection & recovery)
 - Hierarchical resource allocation
- Priority inversion
 - When does it occur?
 - Basic priority inheritance
 - Priority Ceiling
 - Immediate inheritance
- Message passing
 - Alternative schemes (asynchronous/synchronous, direct/indirect)

Lecture 5: Interrupts and Time

- · Interrupts and interrupt handling
- Clock interrupts
 - The actions performed in the clock interrupt handler
 - TimeQueue
- · Tick-based vs event-based clock interrupts
- · Foreground-background schedulers
- · Time primitives (relative vs absolute)
- Implementation of periodic controller tasks:
 - Different alternatives and their problems
 - Minimizing the input-output latency
 - CalculateOutput and UpdateStateCascaded controllers
- Jitter

Lecture 6: Sampling of Systems

- Sample and Hold
- · Effects of sampling
- Aliasing
- ZOH sampling
- · ZOH sampling of systems with input delays
- Calculating Φ and Γ
- Solution of system equations
- Stability regions
- Convolution
- From difference equations to state-space

Lecture 7: Z-transform, poles and zeros

- Shift operators and z-transform
- Pulse transfer operator and Pulse transfer function
- Poles and zeros
- Input-output models
- Frequency response
- Transformation of poles
- Calculation of H(z)

Lecture 8: From Analog to Digital

- · Different approximation methods
- Prewarping
- PID control
 - Textbook algorithm (P, I, and D part)
 - Absolute versus incremental form
 - Algorithm modifications
 - Setpoint weighting
 - · Limitation of derivative gain
 - · Derivative weighting
 - Windup and anti-windup
 - Tracking
 - Bumpless mode and parameter changes
 - Discretization
 - Code

Lecture 9: State Feedback

- State feedback
- Deadbeat
- Observers
 - Prediction form
 - Filter form (with direct term)
- Disturbance estimation & integral action

Lecture 10: Reference Generation

- Reference generation:
 - Transfer function approach
 - State-space approach
 - Nonlinear reference generation

Lecture 11: Implementation Aspects

- · Sampling & Aliasing
- · Choice of sampling interval
- · Computational delay
- A-D and D-A quantization
- · Pulse width modulation
- · Fixed-point arithmetic
 - Q format
 - Two's complement representation
 - $-\,$ Fixed point operations (+, -, *, /) including C code
 - Overflow
 - Sensitivity towards coefficient roundoff

Lecture 11: Scheduling

- Execution time analysis
 - Measurements vs analysis
 - Basic problems
- CPU utilization
- Critical instant
- Static cyclic scheduling
 - Basic ideas
- Earliest Deadline First Scheduling
 - Draw diagrams
 - Sufficient schedulability condition
 - Overrun behaviour

- · Fixed Priority Scheduling:
 - Priority assignment (rate monotonic, deadline monotonic)
 - Rate monotonic analysis
 - Approximate analysis (two formulas !!)
 - 69% rule of thumb
 - · Exact analysis
 - Response-time calculations
 - Draw schedules
 - Overrun behaviour
- NOT:
 - Scheduling of aperiodic tasks
 - Alternative scheduling models

Lecture 15: Integrated Control and Scheduling

- Input-output latency
 - Delay margin
- Why is jitter bad?
- Know the basic idea of the Jitter Margin (not the theory)
- TrueTime and Jitterbug
 - What can they do and how are they used?

The projects

- The use of Java in real-time programming
- The program structure from Lab 1
- · Problems and solutions
- Priorities, synchronization,

Lecture 14: Discrete Control

- · State machines
- Statecharts
- Grafcet
 - Firing rules
 - Action types
 - Be able to use Grafcet in problems and examples
- Petri Nets
 - Firing rules
 - Generalized PNs
 - Dijkstra's problems
- · Coding state machines in Java

Lecture 16: Real-Time Networks

- The OSI protocol (stack) model
- Shortcomings of the OSI/IP stack for realtime communication
- CAN protocol
 - Basic notions and arbitration mechanism
- TTP
 - Basic notions

Typical Exam Problems

- PID implementation
- Discretization of Continuous Designs
- Synchronization (semaphores, monitors, deadlock)
- Scheduling
- Grafcet / Petri Nets
- ZOH sampling
- Input-output models
- State feedback / observers / reference signals
- · Fixed point arithmetic

Open Book Exam

- You may use the two text books during the exam
- You may not use the Exercise book
- You may not use the slide copies
- No extra notes in the text books
- Problems were the solution can be directly taken from the text books will not be given

Courses during 2015

- VT LP1
 - Real-Time Systems
 - Predictive Control
 - Control Theory (Reglerteori)
- VT LP2
 - Network Dynamics
 - Market Driven Control Systems
- HT I P1
 - System Identification
 - Multivariable control
- HT LP2
 - Nonlinear Control
 - Physiological Modeling and Computations